OSSTET

Previous Year Paper (Science - CBZ) Paper-I 16 Jan, 2023

Ogisharon

ODISHA JOB ALERT

A - SECTION - I ODIA (COMPULSORY)

ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ ଅନୁଲ୍ଲେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ (ନଂ. 1 ରୁ 5 ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ) ଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ତାଛ :

ଅତୀତକାଳରେ ପ୍ରକୃତି କୋଳରେ ବଢ଼ି ମଣିଷ ତାହାର ଅନୁଭୂତି ଓ ଅନୁମାନ ବଳରେ ଯେତିକି ବୁଝିପାରିଲା ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ବିଶ୍ଲେଷଣ କରି ନିୟମଗୁଡ଼ିଏ ତିଆରି କରିଥିଲା । ସେଥରୁ ଅଧ୍କାଂଶ ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଓ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ରଙ୍କ ଗତି ଓ ଅବୟାନକୁ କେନ୍ଦ୍ର କରିଥିଲା । ଦିନ ଓ ରାତି, ରତି ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ସଂପର୍କିତ ପ୍ରାକୃତିକ ନିୟମଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଏହି ଧରଣର ଅଟିି । ମଣିଷ ବିଶ୍ୱାସ କରୁଥିଲା ଯେ ଈଶ୍ୱର ସ୍ୱର୍ଗରେ ଅଛିି ଓ ତାଙ୍କରି ହିଁ ସୃଷ୍ଟ ପ୍ରକୃତିର ଏହି ନିୟମଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଅପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନୀୟ ସତ୍ୟ ଅଟନ୍ତି । ଆଗେ ଜୀବନ ଧାରଣର ଶୈଳୀ ସରଳ ଥିଲା । ବିଜ୍ଞାନର ଯୁଗ ଆସିବା ପରେ ନିଉଟନ ପ୍ରକୃତିର ଆହୁରି କେତେକ ଗୂଡ଼ ନିୟମ ଆବିଷାର କଲେ, ଯେଉଁଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଜାଣିବା ପରେ ପରିବାର ଓ ସମାକରେ ଚଳିବା ଆହୁରି ସହକ ହେଲା। ସେଥ୍ରୁ ଦୁଇଟି ହେଲା ଚଡ଼ତାର ନିୟମ ଓ କ୍ରିୟା ପ୍ରତିକ୍ରିୟା ନିୟମ ଯାହାକୁ ସେମାନେ ଦୈନନ୍ଦିନ ଜୀବନରେ ଅନୁଭବ କରୁଥିବାରୁ ସହକରେ ଦେଇଥାଏ କିୟା ସେଥ୍ରେ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ଆଣିଥାଏ । ତାଙ୍କର ସର୍ବାପେକ୍ଷା ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱପୂର୍ଣ ନିୟମଟି ଥିଲା ଦୁଇଟି ବୟୁର ପାରଷ୍କରିକ ଆକର୍ଷଣର ନିୟମ, ଯାହା ପୃଥ୍ବୀର ବୟୁଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଛଡ଼ା ଆକାଶୀୟ ପିଈ ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଓ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ରଙ୍କ ଗତିପଥ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରଣ କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରାଗଲା । ଏହା ଆଗରୁ ସଂସାରର ଅଗ୍ରଗତି କେବଳ କେତେକ ତାଭିକ ଚିନ୍ତା ଓ ଧାର୍ମିକ ଭାବନା ବଳରେ ପ୍ରଣୀତ ନୀତିଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ଘଟୁଛି ବୋଲି ମନେ କରାଯାଉଥିଲା । ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକମାନ ଏହି ନିୟମଗୁଡ଼ିକ, ସେହି ଅଗୁଗତିର ବିଶ୍ୱାସ ଓ ଯୋଗ୍ୟତାକୁ ଯୁକ୍ତି ଦ୍ୱାରା ଦର୍ଶାଇଲେ କିୟା ଖଣନ କଲେ ।

- କାହାକୁ ପ୍ରାକୃତିକ ନିୟମଗୁଡ଼ିକର ସୃଷ୍ଟା ଭାବେ ପୂର୍ବେ ବିଶ୍ୱାସ କରାଯାଉଥିଲା ?
 - (A) ମନୁଷ୍ୟକୁ
 - (B) ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟଚନ୍ଦ୍ରଙ୍କୁ
 - (C) ଈଶ୍ୱରଙ୍କୁ
 - (D) ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକଙ୍କୁ

- ଅତୀତ କାଳରେ ମଣିଷ ତିଆରି କରିଥିବା ନିୟମର ଭିଭି କ'ଣ ଥିଲା ?
 - (A) ସାମାଳିକ ବିଶ୍ୱାସ
 - (B) ଅନୁଭୂତି ଓ ଅନୁମାନ
 - (C) ଧାର୍ମୀୟ ଭାବନା
 - (D) ତାର୍ତ୍ତ୍ୱିକ ଚିତ୍ତା
- ନିଉଟନ୍ଙ ସବାପେଷା ଗୁରୁଡ୍ପୂର୍ଷ ନିୟମଟି କ'ଣ ?
 - (A) ଦୁଇଟି ବସ୍ତୁର ପାରସ୍କରିକ ଆକର୍ଷଣର ନିୟମ
 - (B) ଦିନ ଓ ରାତି ସମ୍ପର୍କୀୟ ନିୟମ
 - (C) ରତୁ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ସମ୍ପର୍କୀୟ ନିୟମ
 - (D) କଡ଼ତାର ନିୟମ
- ବୟୁକୁ କିଏ ଗତି ଦେଇଥାଏ ?
 - (A) ଈଶ୍ୱର
 - (B) ଚନ୍ଦ୍ରସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟ
 - (C) ମଣିଷ
 - (D) ବଳ
- 5. ନିଉଟନ୍ଙ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ସଂସାରର ଅଗ୍ରଗତି ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ ପ୍ରଣୀତ ନୀତିଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଆଧାର କ'ଣ ଥିଲା ?
 - (A) ତାର୍ଜ୍ୱିକ ଚିନ୍ତା ଓ ଧାର୍ମିକ ଭାବନା
 - (B) ଈଶ୍ୱର ବିଶ୍ୱାସ
 - (C) ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟଙ୍କ ଗତିପଥ
 - (D) ପ୍ରାକୃତିକ ନିୟମ

OSSTET/P-I

[2]

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- 6. 'ନରସିଂହ' ଏହା କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ସମାସ ନିଷ୍କନ୍ତ ପଦ ?
 - (A) ରୂପକ କର୍ମଧାରୟ
 - (B) ଜପମାନ କର୍ମଧାରୟ
 - (C) ଉପମିତ କର୍ମଧାରୟ
 - (D) ମଧ୍ୟପଦଲୋପୀ କର୍ମଧାରୟ
- 7. ''ତାରା ପୁଞ୍ଜେ ଯଥା ଶୋଭେ ହରିତାଳୀ, ପୁଳିନ ତେସନ ଶୁଭ୍ର - ଶଭିଶାଳୀ ।'' - ଏଥିରେ କେଉଁ ଅଳଙ୍କାର ରହିଛି ?
 - (A) ଅନୁପ୍ରାସ
 - (B) ଉତ୍ପ୍ରେକ୍ଷା
 - (C) ଯମକ
 - (D) ଉପମା
- 8. ସେ କେବଳ ବିଦ୍ୱାନ ନୁହଁନ୍ତି, ଦୟାଳୁ ମଧ୍ୟ । ଏହା କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ବାକ୍ୟ ?
 - (A) ସରଳ
 - (B) ଯୌଗିକ
 - (C) ଜଟିଳ
 - (D) ମିଶ୍ର
- 9. 'ପାଲିଙ୍କି ଉପରେ ପାଟଛତା' ରୂଢ଼ିଟି କେଉଁ ଅଥିରେ ପ୍ରଚଳିତ ?
 - (A) ବିଖ୍ୟାତ ହେବା
 - (B) ଜନ୍ନତି ଉପରେ ଜନ୍ନତି
 - (C) ଭଙ୍ଗୀ ଦେଖାଇବା
 - (D) ଶିହରଣ ଖେଳିଯିବା

- 10. 'ତ' କୃତ୍ପ୍ରତ୍ୟୟ ଦ୍ୱାରା ଗଠିତ ଶବ୍ଦଟିକୁ ଚିହ୍ନାଅ ।
 - (A) କ୍ରୋଧ

 - (C) ସ୍ତୋତ୍ର
 - (D) ବୃଦ୍ଧ
- 11. କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦରେ 'ଶତ୍ୱ' ବିଧି ନିୟମର ବ୍ୟତିକ୍ରମ ଘଟିଛି ?
 - (A) ଜଣାଣ
 - (B) ପାଷାଣ
 - (C) ପ୍ରମାଶ
 - (D) ଶ୍ରବଣ
- 12. 'ଅର୍ଥକୁ ଅତିକ୍ରମ ନ କରି' ସମୟ ପଦଟି କ'ଣ ହେବ ?
 - (A) ସମର୍ଥ
 - (B) ଯଥାର୍ଥ
 - (C) ଅନର୍ଥ
 - (D) ଅବ୍ୟର୍ଥ
- 13. ଶୁଦ୍ଧ ଶଦ୍ଦଟିକୁ ବାଛ :
 - (A) ମରୁଦ୍ୟାନ
 - (B) ମିନତୀ
 - (C) ସର୍ବାଙ୍ଗୀଣ
 - (D) ଆନୁସଙ୍ଗିକ

OSSTET/P-I



[3]

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- 14. 'କୌତୁକ' ଶବ୍ଦଟି କେଉଁ ତବ୍ଦିତ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟୟ ଦ୍ୱାରା ଗଠିତ ?
 - (A)
 - (B) କ
 - (C) ଉକ
 - (D) ଅକ
- 15. ଲୋକମାନେ <u>ମାଛ</u> ଧରୁଛନ୍ତି । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦଟି କେଉଁ ବିଭକ୍ତି ?
 - (A) ପ୍ରଥମା
 - (B) ଚତୁର୍ଥୀ
 - (C) ତୃତୀୟା
 - (D) ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟା
- 16. ସବର୍ବ ହୋଇଣ ଏକ ମୂଖ, ଡାକିଲେ ନାରାୟଣ ରଖ । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ଅଂଶଟି କେଉଁ ପଦ ?
 - (A) ଅବ୍ୟୟ
 - (B) ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ
 - (C) ସର୍ବନାମ
 - (D) ବିଶେଷଣ
- 17. 'କୁଆ ଛୁଆ ଉଡ଼ିଯିବା' ରୂଢ଼ିଟିର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଶ ?
 - (A) ଗୁପ୍ତକଥା ପଦାରେ ପଡ଼ିବା
 - (B) କଥାକୁ ବଢ଼େଇ କହିବା
 - (C) ଅସୟବ କଥା ଘଟିବା
 - (D) ନିର୍ମମ ମାଡ଼ ହେବା

- 18. ଶୂଦ୍ଧ ବାକ୍ୟଟିକୁ ଚିହାଅ :
 - (A) ଶୀତରତୁରେ ବହୁ ଦର୍ଶନୀୟ ସ୍ଥାନଗୁଡ଼ିକରେ ଅନେକ ଲୋକମାନଙ୍କର ସମାଗମ ହୋଇଥାଏ
 - (B) ବର୍ତ୍ତୀନ ଦରିଦ୍ରତା ଦୂରୀକରଣ ପାଇଁ ବହୁ ଯୋକନା କରାଯାଉଛି
 - (C) ଅପୁତ୍ରିକମାନଙ୍କର ଆତ୍ସା ନର୍କଗାମୀ ହୋଇଥାଏ
 - (D) ସ୍ୟାଦପତ୍ର ନେତାଙ୍କର ବିବୃତ୍ତି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ କରିଥିଲା
 - 19. ''ଶ୍ୱେତାଙ୍ଗ ଚଢ଼ାଇଗୁହା ସମୁଦ୍ଗତ,

ନୀର ଭେଦି କିବା ଉଠେ ଐରାବତ ?'' - ଏଥିରେ କେଉଁ ଅଳଙ୍କାର ରହିଛି ?

- (A) ଉପମା
- (B) ରୂପକ
- (C) ଉତ୍ପ୍ରେଷା
- (D) ଶ୍ଲେଷ
- 20. <u>ଶୋଇଲା</u> ପୁଅର ଭାଗ ନାହିଁ । ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ଅଂଶ<mark>ଟି କେଉଁ</mark> ପଦ ?
 - (A) କ୍ରିୟା
 - (B) ବିଶେଷଣ
 - (C) ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ
 - (D) ସ୍ବିନାମ

OSSTET/P-I

141

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A - SECTION - II ENGLISH (COMPULSORY)

21.	Neither	you, no	r I, nor swer.	anyone	else
	(A) kno	ow			

- (B) knows
- (C) have known
- (D) knowing

22.	If he had	asked me,	him.

- (A) I would help
- (B) I shall have helped
- (C) I would have helped
- (D) I will help
- 23. Which of the following imperative sentences expresses 'advice'?
 - (A) Please have another cup of tea.
 - (B) March on, soldiers.
 - (C) Have a smooth journey.
 - (D) Respect your elders.
- 24. Which letter is silent in the word 'solemn'?
 - (A) m
 - (B) n
 - (C) s
 - (D) 1

- **25.** We shall have to call the party if it rains.
 - (A) on
 - (B) out
 - (C) off
 - (D) up
- **26.** Which of the following is a grammatically acceptable sentence ?
 - (A) Sreyan scored a goal in the last minute who was fortunate
 - (B) Sreyan who scored a goal in the last minute was fortunate
 - (C) Sreyan, who scored a goal in the last minute, was fortunate
 - (D) Sreyan, that scored a goal in the last minute was fortunate
- **27.** Our Headmaster taught us grammar. Which of the following sentences is the correct passive voice of the above sentence?
 - (A) We are taught grammar by our Headmaster.
 - (B) We were taught grammar by our Headmaster.
 - (C) Grammar is taught us by our Headmaster.
 - (D) We were being taught grammar by our Headmaster.

OSSTET

[5]

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- 28. The teacher said, "The earth moves round the sun." Pick out the sentence which correctly changes the above sentence into indirect speech.
 - (A) The teacher told that the earth moves round the sun.
 - (B) The teacher said that the earth had moved the sun.
 - (C) The teacher told that the earth moved round the sun.
 - (D) The teacher said that the earth moves round the sun.
- 29. How often _____ to the theatre when you were in France?
 - (A) did you go
 - (B) were you going
 - (C) have you been
 - (D) do you go
- 30. Which of the following is a meaningful word?
 - (A) hurricane
 - (B) herricane
 - (C) hurrecane
 - (D) herrecane

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives given.

The white tiger is one of the rarest wild animals not only in India but perhaps in the world. In fact, all the white tigers found in India and abroad are the descendants of a nine-month-old white cub that was captured in 1951 in the forest of Rewa in Madhya Pradesh. At present there are about 38 white tigers in the world, out of which 24 are in India.

The white tiger is a magnificent animal. It has a snow - white coat with brown or ash coloured stripes and is larger than a normal tiger. About 70 years ago it was reported that there were light coloured tigers in the forests of Assam, Bengal and Bihar, but they were not truly white tigers. The forests of Rewa are the only region where real white tigers are found.

Questions:

- 31. What kind of stripes do the white tigers have?
 - (A) white coloured
 - (B) brown coloured
 - (C) red coloured
 - (D) purple coloured
- 32. In which state was the nine-month-old white cub found?
 - (A) Bihar
 - (B) West Bengal
 - (C) Assam
 - (D) Madhya Pradesh
- 33. How does the writer describe the white tiger?
 - (A) as harmful
 - (B) as ferocious
 - (C) as magnificent
 - (D) as lovable

OSSTET/P-I

[6]

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- **34.** What is the antonym of the word 'normal'?
 - (A) unnormal
 - (B) abnormal
 - (C) innormal
 - (D) usual
- **35.** The white tiger is regarded as one of the _____ wild animals in India.
 - (A) most unusual
 - (B) fiercest
 - (C) most common
 - (D) most familiar

Read the poem given below and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Loveliest of trees, the cherry now
Is hung with bloom along the bough,
And stands about the woodland ride
Wearing white for Eastertide.

Now of my threescore years and ten,

Twenty will not come again,

And take from seventy springs a score,

It only leaves fifty more.

And since to look at things in bloom
Fifty springs are little room,
About the woodlands I will go
To see the cherry hung with snow.

Questions:

- **36.** How many years, according to the poet, is he left with to look at things in bloom?
 - (A) twenty
 - (B) threescore and ten
 - (C)
- OSSTE1

ODISHA JOB ALERT

- 37. Why does the poet wish to go about the woodlands?
 - (A) to see the cherry tree laden with snow
 - (B) to see the cherry tree hung with white flowers
 - (C) to collect the blossoms from the cherry tree
 - (D) to see the snow on the cherry flowers
- 38. Where does the cherry tree stand?
 - (A) in the garden
 - (B) about the woodland path
 - (C) on the premises of a church
 - (D) on the bank of a river
- 39. The first stanza describes the _____ of the cherry tree.
 - (A) leaves
 - (B) roots
 - (C) fruits
 - (D) blossoms
- 40. The word 'room' in the line "Fifty springs are little room" means _____
 - (A) part of a house enclosed by walls
 - (B) space that is enough for an occasion
 - (C) space of time

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²age- 6

B - SECTION - III SCIENCE (CBZ) CHEMISTRY

- **41.** Which one of the following oxides reacts with both acid and base?
 - (A) Aluminium Oxide
 - (B) Calcium Oxide
 - (C) Sodium Oxide
 - (D) Potassium Oxide
- **42.** Which of the following element will become stable after losing an electron?
 - (A) Helium
 - (B) Iodine
 - (C) Sodium
 - (D) Oxygen
- **43.** Ionic compounds consist of charge ions.
 - (A) oppositely
 - (B) equally
 - (C) negatively
 - (D) positively
- **44.** What is the name of the graph that is drawn, when the temperature is kept constant?
 - (A) Isotherm
 - (B) Isochoric and isobar
 - (C) Isochoric
 - (D) Isobar

- **45.** Surface Tension of a liquid is due to :
 - (A) Gravitational force between molecules
 - (B) Electrical force between molecules
 - (C) Adhesive force between molecules
 - (D) Cohesive force between molecules
- **46.** The neutralization reaction between an acid and a base is a type of :
 - (A) Double displacement reaction
 - (B) Displacement reaction
 - (C) Addition reaction
 - (D) Decomposition reaction
- 47. The electronic configuration of an element M is 2, 8, 4 in modern periodic table. The element is placed in which group?
 - (A) 4th group
 - (B) 2nd group
 - (C) 14th group
 - (D) 18th group

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(Turn over)

[27]

48.	The and	elements with atomic numbers 35, 53 85 are
	(A)	noble gases
	(B)	halides
	(C)	alkaline
	(D)	halogens
19.	The is	element having tetra-atomic atomicity
	(A)	Helium
	(B)	Nitrogen
		Phosphorus
	(D)	Chlorine
		nerisest no tint A (2)
0.	React	ion is said to be in equillibrium when:

- 50
 - (A) the rate of transformation of reactants to products is equal to the rate of transformation of products to the reactants.
 - 50% of the reactants are converted to (B) products.
 - the volume of the reactants is just equal to the volume of the products.
 - the reaction is near completion and all (D) the reactants are converted to products.

- Which of the following are exothermic 51. reactions?
 - Reaction of water with quick lime (i)
 - Dilution of an acid (ii)
 - Evaporation of water (iii)
 - Sublimation of Camphor (Crystals) (iv)
 - (i) and (ii) (A)
 - (ii) and (iii) (B)
 - (i) and (iv) (C)
 - (ii) and (iv) (D)
- Heating of Carbonate ores to remove carbon **52.** is called:
 - (A) Roasting
 - (B) Calcination
 - (C) **Smelting**
 - (D) Fluxing
- **53.** From the following which one is the example of chemical reaction?
 - Grapes get fermented
 - Breakdown of food (B)
 - Formation of curd (C)
 - All of the above (D)

OSSTET/F

ODISHA JOB ALERT

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- 54. What happens to the electropositive character of elements on moving from left to right in a periodic table?
 - (A) Increases
 - (B) Decreases
 - (C) First increases then decreases
 - (D) First decreases then increases
- 55. The Conjugate acid of NH_2^- is:
 - (A) NH₃
 - (B) NH₂OH
 - (C) NH₄⁺
 - (D) N_2H_4
- 56. IUPAC name of

$$(CH_3)_2CH-CH=CH-CH_3$$
 is:

- (A) 2 methyl-3-pentene
- (B) 4 methyl-2-pentene
- (C) 2-isopropyl-1-propene
- (D) 3-isopropyl-2-propene
- 57. The homolytic fission of a covalent bond liberates:
 - (A) Carbonium ions
 - (B) Carbonions
 - (C) Free radicals
 - (D) Carbenes

- 58. Which of the following elements occur freely in nature?
 - (A) Iodine
 - (B) Sulphur
 - (C) Phosphorus
 - (D) Magnesium
- 59. Which of the following substances is not an aromatic compound?
 - (A) Benzene
 - (B) Napthalene
 - (C) Anthracene
 - (D) Hexene
- **60.** The cooking gas is mainly a mixture of the following two gases:
 - (A) Methane and Ethane
 - (B) Ethane and Propane
 - (C) Propane and Butane
 - (D) Butane and Pentane

OSSTET /P_I

[29]

(Turn over)

B - SECTION - III SCIENCE (CBZ) BOTANY

			ROIF	114 1		
61.	The is	e mode of sexual reproduction	in spirogyra	65.	isod	tissue whose cells are thin, more or les liametric and have intercellular spaces
	(A)	•			kno	wn as
	(B)	Anisogamy			(A)	Xylem
	(C)	Oogamy			(B)	Parenchyma
	(D)	Heterogamy			(C)	Collenchyma
62.	Vir	uses were first discovered by	:		(D)	Sclerenchyma
4	(A)	A.V. Leeuwenhoek	mar ris			
	(B)	Stanley Miller		66.		en the xylem is surrounded by Phloer
	(C)	Dimitry Iwanowsky	(A)			hloem is surrounded by xylem, sucular bundles are known as
	(D)	Robert Koch	0	V	(A)	Radial
63.	The	study of fungi is known as _	3		(B)	Conjoint
	(A)	Phycology			(C)	Collateral
	(B)	Mycology			(D)	Concentric
	(C)	Microbiology				
	(D)	Morphology		67.	Lent	icels found during secondary growth o
64.	In fe	erns, the leaves are	<u>(</u>)		a i i	
	(A)	Simple and Sessile	reight and in the		(A)	Aerating Pores
	(B)	Compound and Sessile			(B)	Vessels
	(C)	Simple and Petiolate			(C)	Tissues
	(D)	Compound and Petiolate			(D)	Stele

OSSTET/P

ODISHA JOB ALERT

ntinued)

- 68. PS-II System is concerned with
 - (A) Flowering
 - (B) Reduction of CO_2
 - (C) Photolysis of water
 - (D) Release of energy
- 69. Which of the following equations most adequately sums up the Photosynthetic reactions?
 - (A) $12 \text{ H}_2\text{O} + 12 \text{ CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{CH}_2\text{O}$
 - (B) $2H_2O + CO_2 \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6CO_2$
 - (C) $12 \text{ H}_2\text{O} + 6\text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} + 6\text{O}_2$
 - (D) $6H_2O + 6CO_2 \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6H_2O$
- 70. Which one of the following would not be a limiting factor for Photosynthesis?
 - (A) Chlorophyll
 - (B) O₂
 - (C) CO₂
 - (D) Light

- 71. Crossing over and Linkage are an exception to Mendelian Law of :
 - (A) Purity of gametes
 - (B) Dominance
 - (C) Segregation
 - (D) Independent assortment
- 72. Which causal organism is responsible for the disease, Leaf Rust of wheat?
 - (A) Xanthomonas Oryzae
 - (B) Puccinia triticina
 - (C) Synchytrium endobioticum
 - (D) Cercospora personatum
 - 73. Parthenogenesis is defined as development of
 - (A) egg into an embryo without fertilization.
 - (B) synergrid without fertilization.
 - (C) fruit without fertilization.
 - (D) fruit without pollination.

OSSTET

ODISHA JOB ALERT

Turn over)

SET	1	
		C

			C
74.	In double fertilization, the male gamete and secondary nucleus give rise to	78.	Genetically dwarf plants can be $made taller$ by:
	(A) Egg		(A) Gibberellins
	(B) Endosperm (C) Embryo		(B) Auxins
	(D) Gametes		(C) Cytokinins
75.	The study of development of an organism from the egg to the adult stage is known as		(D) Vernalins
	(A) Genetics	79.	If two opposite alleles come together, one of
	(B) Cell Biology		the two finds morphological masking another in the body organs. This fact is
	(C) Histology	6	described as
	(D) Embryology	O_{λ}	(A) Law of inheritance
76.	In which of the following, asexual		(B) Law of dominance
	reproduction takes place by means of Conidia, borne at the tip of the hyphae?	+ 1	(C) Law of limiting factor
	(A) Yeast		(D) Law of segregation
	(B) Mucor		
	(C) Albugo		•
	(D) Penicillium	80.	What is the role of Abscissic acid in transpiration?

(C) Pyricularia oryzae

(D) Phytophthora infestans

Alternaria solani

Late blight of Potato disease is caused by -

Colletotrichum falcatum

(C) It promotes growth

(B)

(D) It promotes seed germination

(A) It causes stomatal opening

It causes closure of stomata

OSSTET/P-I

(A)

(B)

77.

[32]

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B - SECTION - III SCIENCE (CBZ) ZOOLOGY

SET	_	C

- Who gave the five Kingdom Classification 81. of living organisms?
 - Carolus Linnaeus
 - Ernst Haeckel (B)
 - Robert Whittaker (C)
 - Morgan (D)
- The messanger RNA is formed as a working 82. copy of the exact information contained in a segment of a DNA strand. This process is called
 - Termination (A)
 - Transcription (B)
 - Translation (C)
 - Translocation (D)
- The centromere of chromosomes divides into 83. two in
 - (A) Pirophase
 - (B) Metaphase
 - (C) Anaphase
 - (D) Telophase

- Crossing over occurs in: 84.
 - (A) Mitotic cells
 - (B) Amitotic cells
 - (C) Meiotic cells
 - Mutating cells
- 85. Which Nitrogenous base is absent in RNA?
 - (A) Adenine
 - (B) Guanine
 - Cytosine (C)
 - (D) Thiamine
- What is the end product of glycolysis? 86.
 - Pyruvic acid (A)
 - Acetyl CO-A (B)
 - Lactic acid (C)
 - Citric acid (D)

(Turn over)

OSSTET/P-I

[33]

- 87. The amount of air that moves in and out of the lungs, with each inspiration an expiration is called:
 - (A) Residual volume
 - (B) Vital capacity
 - (C) Tidal volume
 - (D) Tidal capacity
- 88. In a tiger reserve, the tiger is placed in the:
 - (A) Centre of complex food web.
 - (B) Apex of the food chain
 - (C) Bottom of the food chain.
 - (D) Core of the reserve forest
- 89. During which process the polar bodies are formed?
 - (A) Gametogenesis
 - (B) Spermatogenesis
 - (C) Oogenesis
 - (D) Spermatoleosis
- 90. Testosterone is secreted by:
 - (A) Sertoli cells
 - (B) Aciner cells
 - (C) Follicular cells
 - (D) Leydig cells

- 91. Nerves which carry impulses from receptor organs such as skin, eyes, nose, muscles, to the brain and spinal cord are:
 - (A) Somatic sensory
 - (B) Somatic motor
 - (C) Visceral sensory
 - (D) Visceral motor
- 92. _____ is the excretory unit of the Kidney in man.
 - (A) Seminiferous tubule
 - (B) Uriniferous tubule
 - (C) Bowman's capsule
 - (D) Nephrostome
- 93. When an animal moves towards the source of Light, it is called:
 - (A) Phototropism
 - (B) Photoperiodism
 - (C) Phototaxis
 - (D) All the above

OSSTET/P-I

[34]

(Continued)

- Soon after the activation of the egg, a zygote 94. develops into a mature organism by undergoing:
 - (A) Cleavage
 - Reduction division
 - (C) Conjugation
 - (D) Fertilization
- The important enzymes present in Pancreatic 95. juice are:
 - (A) Trypsin, Amylopsin, Steapsin
 - Pepsin, Rennin, Gastric Lipase (B)
 - (C) Erepsin, Invertase, Lipase
 - (D) Ptyalin, Maltase, Lactase
- 96. Homologus organs are:
 - Similar in origin but dissimilar in function.
 - (B) Similar in origin and similar in function.
 - Dissimilar in origin but similar in (C) function.
 - Dissimilar in origin but dissimilar in structure.
- 97. The Lymph differs from blood in having
 - (A)More RBC and less WBC
 - (B) Less RBC and more WBC
 - (C) NO RBC and less WBC
 - NO RBC and more WBC

- SET C
- 98. The modern synthetic theory of evolution is based on:
 - (A) Genetic recombination and natural selection
 - (B) Genetic and chromosomal mutation
 - Reproductive isolation (C)
 - (D) All of the above
- 99. helps in converting fibrinogen into fibrin.
 - (A) Thromboplastin
 - (B) Thrombin
 - (C) Prothrombin
 - Accelerin (D)
- 100. Which of the following is not a structure of Kidney?
 - (A) Cortex
 - Urethra (B)
 - Medulla (C)
 - **Pelvis** (D)

OSSTET/P-I

[25]

(Turn over)



C - SECTION - IV

CHILD DEVELOPMENT, PEDAGOGY, SCHOOL MANAGEMENT & EVALUATION

- **101.** A percentage based method for awarding grading is known as:
 - (A) Absolute grading
 - (B) Relative grading
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
- 102. What was Alfred Binet's Theory?
 - (A) Intelligence can be defined by the comparison of the performance of children at the same idea.
 - (B) Gifted children should be identified early and have access to specially trained teachers.
 - (C) People are not born with all of the intelligence they will ever have.
 - (D) The differentiation of human intelligence into specific modalities of intelligence, rather than defining intelligence as a single, general ability.
- 103. In which of the following test, the word "Premises" is associated with:
 - (A) Multiple choice questions
 - (B) Alternate response questions
 - (C) Matching form questions
 - (D) Simple completion type question

- 104. National Staff College for Educational Planners and Administrators started in 1973 by Govt. of India is rechristened as in 1979.
 - (A) NCERT
 - (B) NCTE
 - (C) CABE
 - (D) NIEPA
- 105. TLM should be used by teacher as it:
 - (A) is not very expensive
 - (B) motivates learners to further prepare such materials at home
 - (C) supplements teaching learning process
 - (D) prepares students mentally to sit in the class
- 106. Which of the following types of learning materials are in the form of real objects or ideals that make the concepts very clear?
 - (A) Visual material
 - (B) Surrounding environment
 - (C) ICT
 - (D) Tactile material
- 107. Basic managerial functions of Human Resource Management are :
 - (A) Planning, organising, staffing
 - (B) Planning, organising and Co-ordinating
 - (C) Planning, organising, directing and controlling
 - (D) None of these

OSSTET 'D'

ntinued)

- 108. A more positive attitude of parents towards school can be derived from enriched
 - (A) Economic background
 - (B) Cultural heritage
 - (C) Customs and traditions
 - (D) School-community partnership
- 109. Who said that intelligence in general was the power of good responses from the point of view of truth or fact?
 - (A) Thorndike
 - (B) Termon
 - (C) Peterson
 - (D) Buckingham
- 110. According to whom each reinforcement builds up a reserve of responses?
 - (A) Hull
 - (B) Gestalt
 - (C) Tolman
 - (D) Skinner
- 111. Scales having equal differences between successive categories refer to:
 - (A) Ordinal scale
 - (B) Nominal scale
 - (C) Ratio scale
 - (D) Interval scale

- SET C
- **112.** Which of the following statement is incorrect as refers to portfolio?
 - (A) Students get opportunity to exhibit their own talent
 - (B) It makes learners more self reflective
 - (C) Both teacher and student collaborate in evaluating on student progress
 - (D) It is a tool that clearly indicates marking criteria
- 113. Audio-visual aids make learning:
 - (A) easy
 - (B) interesting
 - (C) effective
 - (D) all of these
- **114.** A systematic process of determining to what extent instructional objectives are achieved by pupils is called:
 - (A) Measurement
 - (B) Assessment
 - (C) Evaluation
 - (D) Examination

(Turn over)

OSSTET/

ODISHA JOB ALERT

115	usec	means something that can be to help achieve an aim.	118	adol	ording to Kurt Lewin's which theory lescents experience a rapidly widening space along geographic, social and future dimensions?
	(A)	Replacement	-	(A)	Field Theory
	(B)	Resource		(B)	Focal Theory
	(C)	Source		(C)	Grand Theory
	(D)	Foundation		(D)	Psychoanalytic Theory
116.		cational management has been defined . Terry Page and J.B. Thomas as	119.	knov as:	nulating general principles based on wledge of examples and details is known Coding system
	(A)	a method of operation and good		(A) (B)	Intuitive thinking
		management should result in an orderly integration of education and society.		(C) (D)	Eg-Rule method Inductive reasoning
	(B)	a body of educational doctrines, comprises a number of principles.	120.		ov's experiments with whom led to the
	(C)	theory and practice of the organization and administration of existing educational establishments and systems.		disco revol scienc	overy of a new principle which lutionized thinking in social
		Systems.			Rat
	(D)	the force that integrates men and physical plant into an effective			
		operating unit.		-	Dog
				(D)	Chimpanzee
117.		hich age a child can understand arity and distinction between words?	121.	a new	process by which an organism acquires w mode of behaviour, which tends to

- persist and affect the general behaviour pattern of the organism, to some degree is known as ______.
- (B) At the age of 1 to 3 yrs.
- (C) During adolescence
- (D) At the age of 9 to 10 yrs.

- (A) Emotion
- (B) Learning
- (C) Motivation
- (D) Teaching

OSSTET/P-I

[72]

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USS	TET/	P-I [7	3]		(zmi ovel)
-		Occupational Psychology			(Turn over)
	(D)	Cognitive Psychology	-	(D)	demonstrate inside the classroom
	(B) (C)	Evolutionary Psychology		(C)	explain concepts by using adequate support materials
		Developmental Psychology		(B)	facilitate student learning
	(A)	Davalonmontal		(A)	clarify concepts by citing examples
125.	Con	structivism is a learning theory based	129.		learner centric approach a teacher
	(D)	Psychological theory		(D)	maturity
	(C)	Depth theory		(C)	imitation and re-inforcement
	(B)	Stimulation theory		(B)	training in grammar
	(A)	Pawn theory		(A)	inborn capacity
124.	secre	ch theory of motivation holds that the ets of mind are locked within the cells of ervous system?	128.	deve	ording to B.F. Skinner language elopment in children takes place as ar ome of
	(D)	rote memorisation	7	(D)	biological predisposition
	(C)	punishment		(C)	learning set
	(B)	conditioning		(B)	telegraphic readiness
	(A)	prior knowledge of the learner		(A)	perceptual set
123.		tructivist approach suggested that is crucial for constructing rledge.	127.	Acc	ording to Chomsky, humans have a to develop language.
				(D)	Interpersonal relationship
	(D)	Facilitate learning		(C)	Effective communication
	(C)	Provide concrete examples		(B)	Leadership and management
	(B)	Make teaching impressive		(A)	Mastery over subject knowledge
	(A)	Make teaching more useful	120.	char scho	ch of the following is an important acteristic commonly found in effective ol administrators at the primary level?
122.	TLM	should be used to	126	TAZL	SET - C

ODISHA JOB ALERT

130.	Who was the first to use multiple choice
	items for assessment in 1915?

- (A) J. Piaget
- (B) Vygotsky
- (C) Skinner
- (D) F.J. Kelly

131. Thorndike's which law of learning is based on the laws of use and disuse?

- (A) Law of readiness
- (B) Law of effect
- (C) Law of exercise
- (D) None of these

132. From the following list of methods of teaching identify those which are learner centered.

- (i) Project work
- (ii) Chalk and talk
- (iii) Lecturing with audio-visual
- (iv) Computer aided instruction
- (v) Simulation and role-playing
- (A) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- (B) (iv) and (v)
- (C) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (D) (iii), (iv) and (v)

- 133. Which of the following is a characteristic of critical Pedagogy?
 - (A) Language and Power
 - (B) Democracy and Social justice
 - (C) The neutrality of knowledge
 - (D) All of these
- 134. A progressive teaching philosophy that challenges students to examine power structures and patterns of inequality within the status quo was put forwarded by ______.
 - (A) Socrates
 - (B) Paulo Freire
 - (C) Swami Vivekananda
 - (D) Rabindranath Tagore

135. Who proposed that all children have language acquisition device?

- (A) Piaget
- (B) Chomsky
- (C) Vygotsky
- (D) Dan Slobin

136. Creative learning is based on _____

- (A) Transfer of principles & skills
- (B) Discover principles & concepts
- (C) Memorizing facts & principles
- (D) Mechanical reproduction

OSSTET/1

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- 137. Which of the following is a tool used for individual test of intelligence?
 - Raven's progressive matrises (A)
 - (B) Stanford-Binet test
 - Jalota's scale of intellegence (C)
 - (D) None of these
- 138. Which of the following statement is not related to assessment as learning?
 - (A) Encourages students to take responsibility for their own learning
 - (B) Used to assess the learning weakness of the students
 - (C) Encourages peer assessment
 - (D) None of the above
- 139. Which of the following is not true in the context of teaching learning materials?
 - A blackboard can be used for putting the cut outs of newspapers and magazines.
 - Teaching can be effective through the (B) use of audio-visual aids.
 - Audio-visual aids help comprehend difficult or monotonous content.
 - Text books are one of the main TLM used in classrooms.

- SET -
- 140. The quality of a test that measures, what it intends to measure is _____ of a test.
 - (A) reliability
 - validity
 - objectivity
 - (D) usability
- 141. The statement in a multiple choice type item is known as:
 - (A) Stem
 - (B) Distracter
 - Response
 - Question
- 142. Which is the period for acquiring experiences of Social subordination to authority figures outside the family?
 - (A) Infancy
 - Early childhood
 - Later childhood (C)
 - (D) Adolescences
- 143. Who is author of "Animal Learning" published in 1898?
 - (A) L.L. Thurstone
 - J. P. Guilford
 - P.E. Vernon (C)
 - E.L. Thorndike (D)

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OSSTET

ODISHA JOB ALERT

- **144.** The intelligence that is occupied with objects and things is _____.
 - (A) Abstract intelligence
 - (B) Concrete intelligence
 - (C) Social intelligence
 - (D) None of these
- 145. TLM should be selected according to:
 - (A) their availability in respective areas
 - (B) the objectives of teaching
 - (C) their cost
 - (D) none of the above
- 146. The evaluation in which variety of techniques are used to measure scholastic and non scholastic areas of the pupils is known as:
 - (A) Continuous evaluation
 - (B) Placement evaluation
 - (C) Comprehensive evaluation
 - (D) Diagnostic evaluation
- **147.** Which of the following statements is not an advantage of rubrics?
 - (A) Potential to be transferred into grades
 - (B) Provides the child more control of their own learning process
 - (C) It restricts the students mind power
 - (D) Narrows the gap between instruction and assessment

- 148. Human resource management means:
 - (A) A method which an organisation collects, maintains and reports information on people and jobs.
 - (B) The process of integrating the employee's needs and aspirations with organisational needs.
 - (C) The process of bringing people and organisation together so that the goals of each are achieved.
 - (D) The efforts to make life worth living for workers.
- 149. Which of the following is not a way of measuring retention?
 - (A) Method of recall
 - (B) Method of construction
 - (C) Method of relearning
 - (D) Method of recognition
- 150. According to Johnson & Soloman stammering is mainly due to ______.
 - (A) learning faulty ways of speech by imitation of other
 - (B) heredity
 - (C) emotional tension as observed in excessive fear
 - (D) lack of balance among the two hemispheres of the brain

OSSTET

ODISHA JOB ALERT

Continued)