Section-I Answer the following questions by selecting the correct options: 1. What is the time _____ your watch. (choose the correct option) A. on B. in C. with D. by 2. Sunabeda is _____ unique place. (choose the correct option) A. <u>a</u> B. an C. the D. none of the above 3. My sister _____ here since 2019.(choose the correct option) A. is living B. has lived C. has been living D. had lived 4. One _____obey the order of the senior officer. (choose the correct option). A. must B. can C. may D. would 5. Neither of the two boys guilty of theft. (choose the correct option) A. was

B. were

C. has been

D. have been

6. Which of the following options has the opposite meaning of the word 'accelerate'?

A. reduce

B. postpone

C. quicken

D. fulfil

A. primary						
B. crisis						
C. main						
D. dangerous						
8. A person wh	o sells cut flow	ers is called a	ı:			
A. botanist					×	
B. horticulturist	t					
C. florist				4		
D. none of the a	ıbove			-		
9. A person wh	10se job is to 1	nake sure th	at a match is	s played fairly	y and the ru	les are not
broken is called	d:			V.		
A. a lineman			(S		
B. a curator			D			
C. a scorer		· · · 🗸	1			
D. an umpire		(0)	Y			
10. The price of	f commodities	<u>rises</u> during t	the time of w	ar. (Choose th	e correct nh	rasal varh
from options gi	ven below to re	eplace the und	derlined word	i)	oorteet pii	asar verb
A. goes for	V.	J*		•		
* " '		F	8.7			
B. goes up	(S)					
C. goes in	, ee die	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
D. goes after	The second	* ** **.	2 TR 2 4			
11. Mohan had	to take the bus	because his	car <u>stopped r</u>	noving. (Choo	se the correc	t phrasal
verb from option						
A. broke down						
B. broke upon						
C. went down	4.0	·		¥,		
D. came down	V 0 - 2' , - 1, 1					

7. Which of the following options has the similar meaning to the word 'emergency'?

12.To 'look before you leap' means:	
A. to look carefully	
B. to take only calculated risks	
C. to leap with eyes open	
D. to have an eye contact with someone	
13. To 'call it a day' means: A. to stop working on something B. to work better C. to start over D. to be late for something	
14. There wastraffic on the highway at that time.(Choose the correct option.)
A. high	
B. heavy	
C. rush	
D. huge	
15. He is for the post of a clerk. (Choose the correct option.)	
A. responsible	
B. eligible	
C. accountable	
D. comfortable	

Read the following passages and answer the questions based on them by choosing the correct options.

Nepal, a small, mountainous country tucked between India and China, may seem completely foreign to many Americans. Cows walk down busy streets un-harmed; 24 different languages are spoken and people cat two meals of rice and lentils every day. Nepali holidays, many of which are related to the Hindu religion, may seem especially bizarre to Americans, unfamiliar with the culture. However, if we look beyond how others celebrate festivals, we find surprising similarities to our own culture.

The biggest holiday in Nepal is Dashain, a ten-day festival for the Hindu goddess Durga that takes place in September or October. According to Hindu beliefs, Durga defeated the evil demons of the world. To thank the goddess, people visit temples in her honour and sacrifice goats or sheep as

offerings. Throughout the year, most Nepalis do not eat much meat because it is expensive, but Dashain is a time to enjoy meat every day. Children fly colourful, homemade kites during Dashain. People also construct enormous bamboo swings on street corners and in parks. Every evening people gather at these swings and take turns swinging. Nepalis say that by swinging, people can relieve the earth of their weight, if only for a few minutes out of the year. Dashain is a time for people to eat good food, relax, and enjoy themselves!

Apart from eating and enjoying themselves, during Dashain, people also receive blessings from their elders. Schools and offices are shut down so that people can travel to be with their families. Reuniting with family reminds people of the importance of kindness, respect, and forgiveness. People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain. And, like many holidays in the United States, it is time for shopping. Children and adults alike get new clothes for the occasion. People express appreciation for all that they have while looking forward to good fortune and peace in the year to come.

16. According to the passage, Hindus believe that the goddess Durga-

- A. sacrifices goats and sheep
- B. defeated the evil demons of the world
- C. visits temples
- D. enjoys meat every day
- 17. Both the colourful kites and bamboo swings are used as examples of?
- A. ways people relax and enjoy themselves during Dashain.
- B. things people honour and reflect on during Dashain.
- C. offerings to the goddess Durga.
- D. ways people reunite with family during Dashain.
- 18. Which of the following sentences from the passage best indicate why the author thinks Nepal would seem very foreign to many Americans?
- A. "Cows walk down busy streets unharmed, 24 different languages are spoken, and people eat two meals of rice and lentils every day."
- B. "Every evening, people gather at these swings and take turns swinging."
- C. "People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain."
- D. ".....people eat good food, relax, and enjoy themselves!"

- 19. The author suggests that although people in different cultures celebrate holidays differently, one similarity is that many people-
- A. ask for blessings from their elders during holidays
- B. agree that holidays reveal a lot about a culture
- C. believe that holidays must be celebrated
- D. think of holidays as a time to spend with their families
- 20. As used in paragraph 1, the word 'bizarre' means?
- A. unbelievable
- B. unknown
- C. awkward
- D. strange

Read the following passages and answer the questions based on them by choosing the correct options.

Garbage is a great environment hazard. It comes from various sources—used paper, tiffin packings, plastic bags, ice-cream wrappers, bottle caps, fallen leaves from trees and many more. Garbage makes the premises ugly, unkempt and breeds harmful diseases.

A lot of trash that is thrown away contains materials that can be recycled and reused such as paper, metals and glass which can be sent to the nearest recycling centre or disposed of to the junk dealer. It also contains organic matter such as leaves which can enrich soil fertility. A compost pit can be made at a convenient location where the organic waste can be placed with layers of soil and an occasional sprinkling of water. This would help decomposition to make valuable fertilizer. This would also prevent pollution that is usually caused by burning such organic waste.

21. Garbage originates from-

- A. used paper, tiffin packings, plastic bags and fallen leaves from trees
- B. leftovers of food
- C. fallen branches from trees
- D. building materials.

22. Which types of garbage can be recycled?A. PaperB. MetalC. Glass

23. Garbage can be potentially harmful to the mankind by-

A. spreading foul smell

D. All of the above

- B. slowing our vehicles on the road
- C. spreading several diseases
- D. all the above.

24. What happens to the disposed material at the recycling centre?

- A. It is thrown away.
- B. It is processed for reuse.
- C. It is sold to the rag pickers.
- D. It is dumped into the ground.

25. Fallen leaves from trees are useful because they:

- A. solve the problem of fuel wood in village households
- B. enrich water quality
- C. enrich soil fertility
- D. beautify landscape

Section-II

ସଠିକ ଉତ୍ତର ବାଛ :-

26. 'ଦୀନ' ଶବ୍ଦର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ ?

- A. ଦିବସ
- B. ଦୀର୍ଘକାଳ
- C. ଗରିବ
- D. ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ

- 27. 'ସଦାଚାର' ଶବ୍ଦର ସନ୍ଧି ବିଚ୍ଛେଦ କର ?
- A. ସଦ୍ + ଆଚାର
- B. ସତ୍ + ଆଚାର
- C. ସଦ୍ୟ + ଆଚାର
- D. ସମ୍ + ଆଚାର
- 28. ଭିନ୍ନାର୍ଥ ବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦଟି ସୂଚିତ କର ?
- A. ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟ
- B. ତପନ
- C. ଭାରତୀ
- D. ଭାନୁ
- 29. 'ପା + ଅନୀୟ' ଧାତୁ ଓ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେୟ ମିଶି କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦ ଗଠିତ ହୋଇଛି ?
- A. ପାଳନୀୟ
- B. ପାନୀୟ
- C. ପଠନୀୟ
- D. ପ୍ରକନୀୟ
- 30. ଗୃହିଣୀ ଭିକାରିକୁ ଭିକ୍ଷା ଦେଲେ- ଏଠାରେ 'ରିକାରି' ଶବ୍ଦ କେଉଁ କାରକ ?
- A. କର୍ମ କାରକ
- B. କରଣ କାରକ
- C. ସମ୍ପଦାନ କାରକ
- D. ଅପାଦାନ କାରକ
- 31. 'ରୋଗୀ' ଶବ୍ଦର ବିପରୀତ ଅର୍ଥ ବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦ ଲେଖ ?
- A. ଅରୋଗୀ
- B. ନିରୋଗୀ
- C. ନିରୋଗ
- D. ବିଭୋଗ
- 32. ଶୁଦ୍ଧ ଶହଟି ଚିହାଇ ଦିଅ ?
- A. ମାମୁଁ
- B. ମାମୁ
- C. กฎ้
- D. ก็เก็
- 33. 'ସିଧା ଆଙ୍କୁଠିରେ ଘିଅ ବାହାରେନି'- ଏହି ଲୋକବାଶୀର ଅର୍ଥ କଂଶ ?
- A. ସାବଧାନ ହୋଇ କାମ କରିବା
- B. ସବୁ କାମ ସହଜରେ ହୁଏ ନାହିଁ
- C. ଗୁପ୍ତ କଥା ପ୍ରକଟ କରିବା
- D. ଅତି ଗର୍ବ ଭାବ ପ୍ରକାଶ କରିବା

34. 'ଯାହା କରିବା ଉଚିତ କର' । ବାଜ୍ୟଟିକୁ ସଂକ୍ଷେପଣ କର ?		
A. କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ କର		
B. ଯାହା ଇନ୍ଥା କର		
C. ଇନ୍ଧାହେଲେ କାମ କର		
D. ଉଚିତ୍ କାମ କର	~ _{ଆଦ୍} ରକାରରେ ରିଖର ?	7.
35. 'ଖଣ୍ଡ ଖଣ୍ଡ ଧଳା ମେଘ ସୁନୀଳ ଅମ୍ବରେ, ଭାସଇ ବୋଇତ ଯଥା ନୀଳ ସମୁଦ୍ରରେ' – ଏହା କେଖ	त प्रस्तिमाश्रदस मार्शत ः	
A. ଯମକ		
B. ଅନୁପ୍ରାସ		
C. ଉପମା		
D. ଉତପ୍ରେକ୍ଷା	×	
36. ନୂଆଦିଲୀ ଭାରତର ରାଜଧାନୀ – ଏହା କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ବାଙ୍କ୍ୟ ?	0.	
A. ସରଳ ବାକ୍ୟ		
B. ଯୌଗିକ ବାକ୍ୟ		
C.		
D. ମିଶ୍ର ବାକ୍ୟ		
37. 'ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର ଓ ପୁରୀ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଦୂରତା ଅନ୍ତ' – ଏହା କି ପ୍ରକାର ବାକ୍ୟ?		
A. ନାସ୍ତି ସୂଚକ ବାକ୍ୟ		
B. ବିମ୍ନୟ ସୂଚକ ବାକ୍ୟ		
C. ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱ ସୂଚକ ବାକ୍ୟ		
D. ବିବୃତି ସୂଚକ ବାକ୍ୟ	ପଦ କୁହାଯାଏ	1?
38. କର୍ରା ବା ବାକ୍ୟର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପଦ କଣ କରୁଛି – ଏହା ଯେଉଁ ପଦ ହାରା ବୁଝା ପତେ ତାହାକୁ	uv vizion	•
A. କର୍ତ୍ତା ପଦ		
B. ଧାତୁ ପଦ		
C. କ୍ରିୟା ପଦ		
D. ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ପଦ		
39. 'ଛାତିକୁ ପଥର କ <mark>ରିବା' ରୂଢିର ଅ</mark> ର୍ଥ କ'ଶ ?		
A. ଗୁହାରୀ କରିବା		
B. ଆଦୌ ସ <mark>ମ୍ପର୍କ ନରଖିବା</mark>		
C. ଯଶ ହୁରାଇବା		
D. ଧୈର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଧରିବା		
40. 'କୃତ୍ତୀଙ୍କର ପୁତ୍ର'କୁ ଏକ ପଦରେ ପ୍ରକାଶିତ କର ?		
A. କୌରବ		
B. କୌବେୟ		

C. କାଶ୍ୟପ D. କୌମାର୍ଯ୍ୟ

ଅନୁହ୍ଲେବଟି ପାଠକରି ନିମ୍ନରେ ଦିଆ ଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଗୁଡିକର ଚାରିଗୋଟି ସନ୍ତାବ୍ୟ ଭରର ମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଠିକ୍ ଉରରଟି ବାଛି ଇେଖ l

ନିମ୍ନୟରୀୟ ସହରାଞ୍ଚଳର ସ୍ୱାୟର ବ୍ୟବହା ପାଇଁ ବିହାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦ ବା ଏକ୍.ଏ.ସି ଗଠିତ ହୋଇଥାଏ । ଦଶ ହତାରରୁ ପଚିଶ ହକାର ଜନସଂଖ୍ୟା ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ସହରରେ ବିହାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦ ଗଠିତ ହୁଏ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ବିହାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦ କେତୋଟି ଖାର୍ଡରେ ବିରକ୍ତ । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ଖାର୍ଡରୁ ଜଣେ ଲେଖାଏଁ କାଉନ୍-ସିଲର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେଷ ଭାବେ ନିର୍ବାଚିତ ହୋଇଥାନ୍ତି । ସମୟ୍ତ କାଉନ୍-ସିଲର ମିଳିତ ଭାବେ ବିହାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦର ପରିଚାଳନା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ତୁଲାଇ ଆଆନ୍ତି । କାଉନ୍-ସିଲର ମାନେ ସେମାନଙ୍କ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଉଭୟ ବେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍ ଓ ଭାରସ୍-ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍ ନିର୍ବାଚିତ କରିଥାନ୍ତି । ବେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍ ବିହ୍ମାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦର ମୂଖ୍ୟ ଅଟନ୍ତି । ସେ ସମୟ ବୈଠକ ଆୟୋଜନ କରିବା ସହିତ ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷତା କରନ୍ତି । ବିହ୍ମାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାଳ ପାଞ୍ଚ ବର୍ଷ । ଅନ୍ୟୁନ ଦୁର- ତୃତୀୟାଂଶ ନିର୍ବାଚିତ କାଉନ୍-ସିଲରଙ୍କ ଅନାସ୍ଥା ପ୍ରୟାବ ବଳରେ ଉଭୟ ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍ ଓ ଭାରସ୍-ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍ ପଦବ୍ୟତ ହୋଇଥାନ୍ତି । ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ବିହ୍ମାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦରେ ଜଣେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟନିର୍ବାହୀ ଅଧିକାରୀ ସରକାରଙ୍କ ହାରା ନିଯୁକ୍ତି ପାରଥାନ୍ତି ।

ପ୍ରଶ୍ଚ

- 41. ନିମ୍ନ ସରୀୟ ସହରାଞ୍ଚଳର ସ୍ପାୟର ଶାସନ ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥା ପାଇଁ କଂଶ ଗଠିତ ହୋଇଥାଏ ?
- A. ପଞ୍ଚାୟତ
- B. ଜିଲ୍ଲା ପରିଷଦ
- C. ବିଞ୍ଚାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷ୍ପଦ
- D. ମ୍ୟନିସିପାଲିଟି
- 42. ବିଜ୍ଞାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ୱାର୍ଡରୁ କେଉଁ ମାନେ ନିର୍ବାଚିତ ହୋଇଥାନ୍ତି ?
- A. ସରପଞ୍ଚ
- B. କାଉନ୍-ସିଇର
- C. ସର୍ୟ
- D. ୱାର୍ଡ ମେମ୍ବର
- 43. କିଏ ବିಷାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ଅଟନ୍ତି ?
- A. ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ
- B. କାଉନ୍-ସିଇର
- C. ଜିହାପାଳ
- D. କାର୍ଯ୍ୟନିର୍ବାହୀ ଅଧିକାରୀ
- 44. ଅନ୍ୟୁନ କେତେ ନିର୍ବାଚିତ କାଉନ୍-ସିଲରଙ୍କ ହାରା ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍ ଓ ଭାଇସ୍-ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍ ପଦଚ୍ୟୁତ ହୋଇଥାନ୍ତି ?
- A. ଏକ-ଚତର୍ଥାଂଶ
- B. ଦୁଇ-ଚତୁର୍ଥାଂଶ
- C. ଏକ-ଡ଼ୃତୀୟାଂଶ
- D. ଦୁଇ-ଚୃତୀୟାଂଶ
- 45. ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ ବିଜ୍ଞାପିତ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପରିଷଦରେ କିଏ ସରକାରଙ୍କ ହାରା ନିଯୁକ୍ତି ପାଇଥାନ୍ତି ?
- A. କାଉନ୍-ସିଇର
- B. ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ
- C. ଭାଇସ୍-ଚେୟାରମ୍ୟାନ୍
- D. କାର୍ଯ୍ୟନିର୍ବାହୀ ଅଧିକାରୀ

ଅନୁଚ୍ଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ନିମ୍ନରେ ଦିଆ ଯାଇଥିବା ପ୍ରଶ୍ୱ ଗୁଡିକର ଚାରିଗୋଟି ସମ୍ଭାବ୍ୟ ଉରର ମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଠିକ୍ ଉରରଟି ବାଛି ଲେଖ ।

ଭତ୍କଳମଣି ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ ଦାସ ପୁରୀ ଜିଲାର ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀ ଥାନା ଅନ୍ତର୍ଗତ ସୁଆଣ୍ଡୋ ଗ୍ରାମରେ ଜନ୍ନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରିଥିଲେ । ପିତାଙ୍କ ନାମ ଦୈତାରୀ ଦାସ ଓ ମାତାଙ୍କ ନାମ ସ୍ୱର୍ଶମୟୀ ଦେବୀ । ପିଲାଦିନରୁ ନିଜ ମାତାଙ୍କୁ ହରାଇ ବିଧବା ପିଉସୀ କମଳା ଦେବୀଙ୍କ ହାରା ସେ ଲାଳିତ ପାଳିତ ହୋଇଥିଲେ । ପିଲା ଦିନରୁ ସେ ନିଜକୁ ଦେଶ ସେବାରେ ନିୟୋଜିତ କରିଥିଲେ । ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ ଥିଲେ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସାହିତ୍ୟରେ ଇାଳିତ ପାଳିତ ହୋଇଥିଲେ । ପିଲା ଦିନରୁ ସେ ନିଜକୁ ଦେଶ ସେବାରେ ନିୟୋଜିତ କରିଥିଲେ । ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ ଥିଲେ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସାହିତ୍ୟରେ ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀ ଯୁଗର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପୁରୋଧା । ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀର ବକୁଳ ନ୍ଧୁରିଆନା କୁଞ୍ଜରେ ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ସ୍ଥାପନ କରିଥିଲେ । ସେ ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପ୍ରତିଷା କରିବା ପରେ ପଞ୍ଚିତ ନୀଳକଣ ଦାସ, ପଞ୍ଚିତ ଗୋଦାବରୀଶ ମିଶ୍ର, ପଞ୍ଚିତ ଲିଙ୍ଗରାଜ ମିଶ୍ର, ଆଚାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ହରିହର ଓ ପଞ୍ଚିତ କୃପାସିନ୍ଧୁ ମିଶ୍ର ପ୍ରମୁଖ ତାଙ୍କୁ ସହାୟତା କରିଥିଲେ । ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ସ୍ଥାପନ ହେଇ। ପରେ ଛାତ୍ରମାନେ ସେଠାରେ ପାଠ ପଢିବା ସହିତ ବୈଷୟିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଲାଭ କରୁଥିଲେ । ସେମାନେ କିପରି ଜାତୀୟ ଉରରେ ପରିଗଣିତ ହେବେ ସେଥିପ୍ରତି ମଧ୍ୟ ତେଷ୍ଟା ଜାରି ରହିଥିଲା ।

ପ୍ରଶ

- 46. ଉତ୍କଳମଣି ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ ଦାସ କେଉଁ ଗ୍ରାମରେ ଜନ୍ନ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରିଥିଲେ ?
- A. ପୁରୀ ଗ୍ରାମ
- B. ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀ ଗ୍ରାମ
- C. ସୁଆଣ୍ଡୋ ଗ୍ରାମ
- D. ପିପିଲି ଗ୍ରାମ
- 47. ପିଲା ଦିନରୁ ନିଜ ମାତାଙ୍କୁ ହରାଇ ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ କାହା ଦ୍ୱାରା ପ୍ରତିପାଳିତ ହୋଇଥିଲେ ?
- A. ଦୈତାରୀ ଦାସ
- B. ସୂର୍ଣ୍ଣମୟୀ ଦେବୀ
- C. ଅଢାଆଈଙ୍କ ହାରା
- D. କମଳା ଦେବୀ
- 48. ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସାହିତ୍ୟରେ ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀ ଯୁଗର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପୁରୋଧା କିଏ ?
- A. ଗୋପବନ୍ଧୁ ଦାସ
- B. ନୀଳକଣ ଦାସ
- C. ଗୋଦାବରୀଶ ମିଶ୍ର
- D. କୃପାସିନ୍ଧୁ ମିଶ୍ର
- 49. ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ସ୍ଥାପନ ପରେ ସେଠାରେ ଛାତ୍ର ମାନେ ପାଠ ପଢିବା ସହିତ କେଉଁ ଶିକ୍ଷା ମଧ୍ୟ ଲାଭ କରିଥିଲେ ?
- A. ସଙ୍ଗୀତ ଶିକ୍ଷା
- B. ଖେଳକୁଦ ଶିକ୍ଷା
- C. ବୈଷୟିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା
- D. ଆତ୍ୟ-କୌଶଳ ଶିକ୍ଷା
- A. ସତ୍ୟବାଦୀର ଲୋକମାନେ
- B. ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ଛାତ୍ରମାନେ
- C. ପୁରୀ ବାସୀମାନେ
- D. ବନବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ଶିକ୍ଷକମାନେ

Section-III

- 51. Who discovered Theory of Relativity.
 - A. John Nash
 - B. Albert Einstein
 - C. Openheimer
 - D. Neils Bohr
- 52. Who was the first female Governor of Indian State.
 - A. Sarojini Naidu
 - B. Nazma Hepatulla
 - C. Sheila Dixit
 - D. Prativa Patil
- 53. Which is the Largest Ocean in the world.
 - A. Indian Ocean
 - B. Atlantic Ocean
 - C. Pacific Ocean
 - D. Arctic Ocean
- 54. Saina Nehwal associated with which sports.
 - A. Table Tennis
 - B. Football
 - C. Cricket
 - D. Badminton
- 55. In which direction Pole star is there.
 - A. East
 - B. West
 - C. North
 - D. South
- 56. Which is the largest organ of our body.
 - A. Heart
 - B. Kidney
 - C. Lungs
 - D. Skin
- 57. Name of the game which is played with Bat, Ball.
 - A. Baseball
 - B. Volleyball
 - C. Basketball
 - D. Handball

58. Which is not a Input device of Computer.

- A. Mouse
- B. Keyboard
- C. Camera
- D. CPU

59. What does RAM stand for in Computer.

- A. Random Asking Memory
- B. Rapid Access Memory
- C. Rapid Asking Memory
- D. Random Access Memory

60. Who is the President of Russia.

- A. Joe Biden
- B. Narendra Modi
- C. Vladimir Putin
- D. Rishi Sunak

61. Who is known as Father of Indian Constitution.

- A. S. Radhakrishnan
- B. B.R. Ambedkar
- C. Mahatma Gandhi
- D. Jawaharlal Nehru

62. Which country has got Pyramid.

- A. India
- B. Egypt
- C. China
- D. Srilanka

63. How many Cricket World Cups India won.

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four

64. Gir National park is famous for

- A. Tiger
- B. Cheetah
- C. Lion
- D. Peacock

65. Largest State of India is. A. Uttar Pradesh B. Madhya Pradesh C. Andhra Pradesh

D. Rajasthan

66. Which animal has got hump in its back.

- A. Camel
- B. Dog
- C. Cow
- D. Wolf

67. Highest Dam of India.

- A. Hirakud
- B. Kyona
- C. Mettur
- D. Tehri

68. Which organ Purify our Blood.

- A. Liver
- B. Stomach
- C. Kidney
- D. Heart

69. Gateway of India located in.

- A. Delhi
- B. Mumbai
- C. Bangalore
- D. Howrah

70. How many Colours are there in National Flag of India.

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four

71. LBW related to which sports.

- A. Hockey
- B. Volley Ball
- C. Basket Ball
- D. Cricket

72. How many sides are there in Pentagon.

- A. One
- B. Three
- C. Five
- D. Seven

73. Largest Desert in the world.

- A. Thar
- B. Gobi
- C. Sahara
- D. Kalahari

74. Birth place of Netaji Subash Chandra Bose.

- A. Kolkata
- B. Cuttack
- C. Banaras
- B. Hugli

75. Who was the first Indian to go to Space

- A. Rakesh Asthana
- B. Rakesh Agarwal
- C. Rakesh Sharma
- D. Rakesh Bansal

76. Madhubani style of Paintings belong to which state.

- A. Uttar Pradesh
- B. Jharkhand
- C. Odisha
- D. Bihar

77. Who is the first Indian Women to win the Nobel prize.

- A. Ramadevi
- B. Nirmala Devi
- C. Mother Teresa
- D. Sarojini Naidu

78. Who invented Television.

- A. Thomas Edison
- B. Albert Einstein
- C. John Baird
- D. Graham Bell

79. Which is commonly known as Laughing gas.

- A. Hydrogen Peroxide
- B. Nitrous Oxide
- C. Sulphur Dioxide
- D. Ammonia

80. Gandhiji started Dandi March in which year.

- A. 1930
- B. 1940
- C. 1947
- D. 1950

\$1. You are approaching a narrow bridge, another vehicle is about to enter the bridge from opposite side. What should you do.

- A. Increase the speed and try to cross the bridge as fast as possible
- B. Put on the headlight and pass the bridge
- C. Wait till other vehicle cross the bridge and then proceed
- D. Wait on the half way while crossing the bridge

82. When a vehicle is involved in accident causing injury to any person, what should you do.

- A. Take the vehicle to the nearest Police Station and report the accident
- B. Stop the vehicle and report to Police Station
- C. Take all reasonable steps to secure medical attention to the injured
- D. Call 112 and wait till PCR arrives.

83. When a vehicle approaches an unguarded railway level crossing befor crossing it the driver

- A. Stop the vehicle on left side of the road, get down from vehicle, go to railway track and personally see if any train is approaching
- B. Sound horn and Cross the track as fast as possible.
- C. Wait till the train passes
- D. None of the above

84. In a road without footpath, the pedestrians

- A. Should walk on the left side of the road
- B. Should walk on the right side of the road.
- C. May walk on the either side of the road
- D. All the above

85. When a vehicle is parked on the road side during night

- A. The vehicle should be locked
- B. The driver should sleep in the vehicle
- C. The parking light shall remain on
- D. Inform nearest police station

86. When ambulance is approaching

- A. Allow passage if there are no vehicles from front side
- B. No preference to be given
- C. The driver should allow free passage by drawing to the side of the road
- D. Obstruct the way

87. Amber traffic light indicates

- A. Vehicle can proceed with caution
- B. Stop the vehicle
- C. Slow down
- D. Do not stop the vehicle

88. Parking vehicle in front of entrance of hospital

- A. Proper
- B. Improper
- C. Manageable
- D. Permissible

89. Where the slippery sign is seen on the road, the driver should

- A. Reduce the speed by changing gear
- B. Apply break
- C. Proceed in same speed
- D. None of the above

90. Overtaking is prohibited in following circumstances

- A. When it is likely to cause inconvenience or danger
- B. When the vehicle in front is reducing speed
- C. When the vehicle in front is increasing speed
- D. During Night

91. Which group of letters is different from others?

A. CBAED

32154

- B. IJHGK
- C. SRQPT
- D. TVWYZ

92. Find the next number in the sequence 0, 2, 24, 252.	
A. 620	- 36) 252 pm
B. 1040	24.
C. 3120	27 24
D. 5430	" we will be a second of the s
93. Find the missing number in the series 2, 10, 26,	38 2 W
A. 50	40
B. 51	,
C. 52	
D. 44	
94. A sprinter goes off the starting block for 100 m run and a	
stopwatch had pointed towards North. He touches the fini	t that instant the second-hand of a
In which direction did the second hand point when he just	sning line exactly after 12 seconds.
A. 18° North of East	crossed the linishing line?
B. 18° East of North	
C. 72° North of East	
D. 82° East of North	
95. You have twice blue coloured balls that of red. If u have 3	red halls how many balls and t
in total.	ted bans now many bans you have
A. 9	
B. 18	
C. 27	
D. 36	
6. In a diary, there are 60 cows and buffaloes equal in number	r. Buffalo gives 5 liters more mill
than cow. If one cow gives 5 liters of milk daily what is the d	aily milk production of the diary
A. 100	i and the time y.
B. 200	
C. 350	
D. 450	
7. Amongst five friends, Lata, Alka, Rani, Asha and Sadhana.	Lata is older than only three of
her friends. Alka is younger to Asha and Lata. Ràni is older t	han only Sadhana. Who amongst
them is the eldest?	
A. Asha	
B. Lata C. Alka	
D. Sadhana	

98. Cricket teams are divided into 2 groups of six teams each. Within each group the teams play each other exactly once. Then highest winner of each group will play with each other. How many matches are played?

A. 30

B. 31

C. 32

D. 33

99. There are 10 rows of chairs in an auditorium and each row contains 12 chairs. If there are 4 doors how many chairs are there in the auditorium.

A. 116

B. 120

C. 124

D. 100

100. There are 6 cows and 7 goats grazing in a field. If you count their legs what will be the number.

A. 13

B. 26

C. 39

D. 52